# READY TO CONFIRM.

RESULTS OF THE CONFERENCE.

The Republican Scuators Agree to Proceed with the Confirmation of Treaties and All Appointments Against which There is No Objection Urged.

The Republican Senators in caucus yeslerday morning received the report of the comreport being still in progress when the hour for the assembling of the Senate arrived, the enucus took a recess until after the adjourndeliberation, reached a harmonious conclusion in the afternoon. The discussion was directed was the precise scope of the commitcould have upon the action of members of the caucus after the uncontested cases shall have been vesterday amended so as to make the doubtful features clear, and was finally adopted, with entire unanimity, in the shape of a resolution which provides, in substance, that executive sessions shall be held forthwith (the first one to-day) for the transaction of accumulated business in the following order First, the reference of nominations now on the table to appropriate committees; second, the consideration of the pending treaties, and, third, the hereafter reported from the Senate committees, which, respectively, are notobjected to by one Republican Senator from the State to which the office as soon as the uncontested cases shall have been disposed of the caucus shall again assemble for the purpose of determining what additional business should then be considered by the Senate; tested cases" (as above defined) shall not be althe caucus is left wholly unpledged as to its future action in regard to them.

any action taken or proposed in regard to a change of the caucus candidates for the Senate offices. A PLEASING INCIDENT.

#### Curious Meeting at the White House After Many Years.

cloud of war hung over the land, and Washington daily, and, by cheerful words or a smiling face or the gift of some delicacy, helped to lighten the sufferings of those they found there. artist, now so well known in the city. She was Judge Chase and the portraits of other distinguished men, and her time was very valuable, but she never allowed anything to interfere with her visit of two hours each day to the suffering soldiers. In a hospital on I street there was a young officer of a Maine regiment whose leg had been amputated. The operation was a severe one and the bleeding very profuse. Too weak to bear the taking up of the artery, the only hope for his life was are expected. by having some one remain beside him with the finger pressed on the artery. His father was equal to the task, and by his devotion saved the life of his son. Miss Ransom saw him while so ill, and assisted him in whatever way she could, and spoke Ing with Mrs. Garfield at the White House, she novery closely, but, as she did not remember ever As she was leaving the room to return to her home "but I do not remember you." The gentleman then asked her if she remembered Douglas Hospital and her visits to the sufferers there, and particularly the case of the labors of the conference will be resumed under young man whose life was prolonged by his father's devotion! Yes, she remembered it, Well, he replied, "I was the patient, and I have never forgotten your kindness, and when I saw your face to-night felt I must speak to you." The speaker was ex-Governor Connor, of Maine, and the meeting was a pleasant incident in the life of even one individual repaid her for all the sacri-

#### fices she had ever made. DILLON'S ARREST.

#### The Anti-Coercion Act to Be Revived-Parnell's Action.

LONDON, May 4.—The Speaker will the anti-coercion agitation in England. A con- not occupy it. ference of English Radicals is being arranged for that object. It is rumored that Dillon will, in consonance with a resolution passed by the Parnellites before the passage of the coercion act, resign his seat in Parliament. A monster meeting of the electors of Tipperary will probably be held, Archbishop Croke presiding, for the purpose of protesting against the arrest of Dillon. Mr. Parnell is expected to attend. In consequence of the arcest of Dillon, Mr. Parnell has advised his followers to abandon their present second reading. A Dublin dispatch says Dillon's | idea of the extent of the losses can be reached. arrest has not caused the slightest excitement in any part of the country. On the contrary, it appears to have had a quieting effect. Some of the warmest friends of the tenant farmers condemn Dillon's speeches in the strongest terms.

The Post announces that the Home-Rulers will meet to-morrow, when Mr. Parnell will suggest the government majority.

# A Tragedy in Illinois.

Chicago, May 3.-Walter Bullock, a lawyer and an old citizen of Woodford County, as Ransom passed by. Ransom stopped and ordered him to retract his words, and upon his refusal to do so pulled a revolver and shot him three times-one through the head, then through the heart, and then through the shoulder. Bullock fell, gasped two or three times, and died. Ransom | the National Rifle Association to-day passed a walked down the street and waited in front of the re-olution allowing members of the army and bank building until he was arrested. He was navy and of the National Guards of other States to followed to jail by an infuriated mob, crying, compete in the matches of the association at "Lynch him! lynch him!" but no attempt was | Creedmoor, on the same conditions as the National made to interfere with the officers. The feeling | Guard of this State. against Ransom in the community last night was very bitter.

A Republican Victory.

Indianapolis, May 3.—At the municipal election to-day the entire Republican ticket was elected. The majority for D. W. Grubbs for mayor will be between two and three hundred, while the balance of the ticket majorities range from ten to fifteen hundred, which is about the usual majority. The council stands eighteen Republicans to seven Democrats, and the board of aldermen eight Republicans to two Democrats. At Richmond, Ind., the entire Republican ticket is elected.

# The Friend of Mexico.

City of Mexico, May 3 .- A banquet Was given to General Grant last night by the promoters of the Topolovampo Railroad. One hundred and fifty persons were present, including three members of the cabinet, many deputies, senators, and other distinguished men. Great friendship was expressed for General Grant. The toast of the Minister of Foreign Affairs was: "General Grant, the great, the good, and the well-tried friend of Mexico."

# Chili to Absorb Pera.

Panama, April 23.—Annexation to Chili is talked of in Lima. Many prominent people favor it, and, if peace is not soon arranged satisfactorily to the Chilians, it will follow as a consequence of the military occupation of the country, send, and Second Lieutenant Gustav J. Fiebeger.

#### A VIRGINIA RAILWAY.

NORFOLK, VA., May 3 .- M. F. Pleasants,

#### The Norfolk and Western Road-Reorganization and New Board.

master, submitted his report in the United States Court, Judges Bond and Hughes presiding, this morning to the effect that he had received the purchase money of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad from Clarence H. Clark and others, amounting to \$8,505,000, certificates of deposit for which he turned over to the court as follows: Union Trust Company, of New York city \$5,000,000: Fidelity Trust Company, of Philadelphia \$3,200,000; Exchange National Bank, of Norfolk, mine of seven who were appointed last week to \$305,000. He reported also that he had delivered arrange a programme for the proposed executive a deed to the said Clarence H. Clark and others, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad. The court certi-Norfolk and Western Railroad Company, with the following board of directors: George F. Tyler, third week of April. mainly to the point of determining what Clarence H. Clark, F. J. Kemball, Edward A. Rollins, George C. Clark, Robert Minturn, tee's recommendation in regard to "con- Philadelphia; C. C. Baldwin, H. Victor Newcomb, tested cases," and what binding effect, if W. B. Isham, C. D. Wood, New York; U. L. Boyce,

and E. P. Oatlock, auditor. The directors at once held an election, and elected the officers mentioned above. The Norfolk and Western Railroad is the old Atlautie, milder weather at the North, will start home to-Mississippi and Ohio, which was a consolidation day or to-morrow. of three roads, reorganized and placed under one including branches, is 463 miles, traversing a beau | their children. tiful country, abounding in rich mineral apportains, or from which, in the case of a national and agricultural districts. The equipment conor a territorial appointment, the nominee is to be sists of about one hundred engines and fifteen hunappeditted. It was further expressly provided that dred cars. Throughout the greater portion of the Mrs. Gallaudet, who are a charming host and road the rails are of steel. It is intended to spend hostess, will have a card reception later in the day. about one million dollars in adding to the equipment, increasing the terminal facilities, and making various other extensions and improvements, recent visit to that city: When she returned to the and that, although in the meantime the "con- It is also intended to make very important con- hotel in the afternoon, tired out after a day's shopnections with the principal southern lines for ping, and was trying to make her way to the dinlowed to impede the transaction of other business, | joint passenger and freight traffic. Communication with New York, Philadelphia, and the New ladies who stood in the passage waiting to England scaboard is to be directly secured by see her as she passed were mortified by the conmeans of the nearly-completed Shenandoah Val- duct of one of their number, who exclaimed, in a No specific allusion was made yesterday to Judge lev Railroad extension. Robertson's nomination, or any other individual

## The American Medical Association.

case among the contested nominations, nor was Nearly twenty years ago, when the dark ernor Holliday. Dr. Hodgden, of St. Louis, Mo., and was able to converse with the leading diploopened the session with the annual address, which | mats each in his own tongue. This rumor is said was one great military camp, with a number of treated mostly of the advancement of medical sci- to have caused her the embarrassment of having to hospitals in various parts of the city crowded with | ence and speculations as to the superiority of the | disclaim its correctness to several of the foreign sick, suffering, and dying men, some noble, kind- new over the old mode of cure. There are five gentlemen who called. In some forms of its hearted ladies were in the habit of visiting these hundred delegates present, representing every State repetition it was made to include the President and important city in the Union. The delegates also, Our President and his wife speak excellent are mostly quartered at the Exchange and Ballard | English, which answers every purpose needful to Hotels. Many men eminent in their profession | the American people. Among these ladies was Miss Ranson, the gifted are here as delegates. They are being entertained The May musical festival, which is to be given here by the citizens generally. To-night they are this week in New York city, under the charge of from the commissioners. engaged at that time in painting the portrait of the guests of the Westmoreland Club; to-morrow | Dr. Damrosch, attracts much interest in musi-

The Mouetary Conference. Paris, May 3 .- At a meeting to-day of the committee of the Monetary Conference, Mynheer Vralik, the Dutch delegate, presiding, seventeen delegates were present, including Hon. words of encouragement to him, but finally lost | Charles W. Freemantle, deputy master and compsight of him, and supposed he had died, and one troller of the English mint. After a discussion more name had been added to the "roll of honor." A lasting three hours, the committee adopted a list few evenings since, while spending a social even- of questions to be submitted to the conference by the Dutch delegates. It is also agreed that the two tuced a tall, fine-looking gentleman observing her lists of questions prepared by M. Cernuschi and Mr. Horton be submitted to the conference, in fect is grand in the extreme. In the Sanctus, having seen him before, paid little attention to it order to form a basis for the discussion of the monetary question from a scientific point of view. this gentleman came up to her and asked, "Is this | The committee intrusted Mynheer Vralik with the Miss Ransom?" She smilingly replied it was, task of drawing up their report, and passed a resolution expressing the hope that the next sitting of the conference will be held as soon as possible. strikes of Workingmen in Various Parts Great cordiality continues to prevail, and the

#### the most favorable auspices. Seven Thousand Present.

in the Seventh Regiment Armory this evening. Handel's "Te Denm" was first rendered, with Miss Ransom; and to have earned the gratitude of Annie Louise Cary, Campanini, and Myron Whitney as soloists and a chorus 1,800 strong. The yesterday. The other bosses will probably agree orchestra consisted of 250 pieces. The "Tower to-morrow, when work will be resumed. of Babel" followed, with Campanini, Whitney, and Remmertz as the principals and the same chorus. There were about seven thousand people present, and the audience showed the greatest interest and applauded frequently, though at no time was | day morning. there any real enthusiasm manifested. Wellcommunicate the fact of the arrest of Mr. Dillon to known musicians from all over the United States adjoining coal valleys in Ohio held a meeting yes- Arundel), about two weeks ago, the jury this afterthe House of Commons to-day. In consequence of were present. President Garfield was invited to terday and resolved not to resume work until they Dillon's arrest, it has been determined to revive attend and a box was reserved for him, but he did receive their usual pay, eighty cents per ton, in-

eleven days. All the floods are subsiding. The are now on strike, and they are consident of sucflood sufferers are still being fed by relief commit- cess. yesterday, the understanding being that private of the rolling mill at Springfield, Ill., have made a on the head by some weapon, which probably Department of this expense. The steamer Peck day. The company say they have never made any ditch near by and held under water until he was an alleged profit, which he would take, attitude toward the land bill and vote against a people are still so much scattered that no definite cluded to discharge the men and close down the

The Greek Frontier Question. Constantinople, May 3.—The ambassadors of the powers received the Porte's reply to present at the meeting in New York yesterday. the proposed solution of the Greek frontier ques- Finally a committee was appointed to carry on an that they should mark their indignation at the tion, and that the former four commissioners, employment bureau, and it was also decided to accest of Dillon by declining to vote on Lord namely, Server Pasha, Mukhtar Pasha, Ali Nizami, hold a mass-meeting of boss bakers on Sunday Elchos amendment to the land bill, thus reducing and Artin Effendi, will confer with the ambassa- morning to perfect a permanent organization. dors for the purpose of arranging a formal conven-

That Arbitrary Arrest. LONDON, May 3 .- In the House of Commous to-day Mr. Justin McCarthy gave notice that was shot and instantly killed at El Paso, Ill., last he would move on an early day that the action of night by P. C. Ransom, who was badly defeated in the Irish executive in arbitrarily arresting a memthe recent municipal election for mayor. Bullock ber of Parliament and proclaiming martial law in action in the matter is connected by some journals was standing on West Front street talking to a the city of Dublin is an abuse of the powers granted friend, and made some remark about the election by the coercion act which is calculated to arouse disaffection and mar the results of remedial proposals.

# National Rifle-Shooting. New York, May 3.—The directors of

# ARMY AND NAVY NEWS.

The leave of absence granted First Lieutenant T. H. Capron, Ninth Infantry, April 21, 1881, is extended one month. The extension of leave of absence

granted Major G. W. Schofield, Tenth Cavalry, April 15, 1881, Military Division of the Gulf, is still further extended fifteen days. Leave of absence for six months, on geon's certificate of disability, with permission to leave the Department of the Missouri, is granted First Lieutenant John F. Trout, Twenty-third In-

So much of paragraph 9, special orders April 20, 1881, as directs First Lieutenant Philip | Miss Sallie D. Crowley were married at Christ Reade, Third Infantry, to join his regiment on being relieved from signal duty, is amended to direct

him to join his regiment on the expiration of his present sick leave of absence. A board of officers of the corps of engineers, to consist of Colonel Henry W. Benham, Colonel Z. B. Tower, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry L. Abbot, and Major Cyrus B. Comstock, is constituted, to meet in New York city for the examination of the following-named officers, with a view to their promotion in the corps of engineers when legally entitled thereto: Second Lieutenant Theodore A, Bingham, Second Lieutenant Curtis McD. Town-

# PERSONAL MENTION.

DEPARTURES - BRIDALS - FLUNKETS.

Senatorial Movements - Deaf-Mute Anniversary Mrs. Garfield at New York-More Wedding Bells-A Musical Event at New York.

home in Windsor, Vt., where a married sister of

Senator and Mrs. Platt, of Connecticut, start for has materially improved within the last few weeks, and longed for home.

Congressman and Mrs. Joyce, of the First Vermont District, who have tarried here waiting for

This is the date and three p. m. is the hour for

the presentation exercises at the Deaf-Mute Col-

lege. They will be of interest. President and

According to a New York correspondent, Mrs. Garfield had the following experience during her ing-room without attracting attention, a group of master and engineer, a caulker, a carpenter, and tragic voice, "Make way for the Queen!" Every one in the parlor heard the command, and Mrs. Garfield, confused and annoyed, went to her dinand annual session of the American Medical Asso- flunkeyism, this feminine brawler perhaps ciation began here to-day in Mozart Hall. The "takes the persimmons;" but searcely less exercises were opened with prayer by Bishop gratuitously absurd was the correspondent who Keane, of the Catholic Church, and an address of | put in circulation the report that Mrs. Garfield welcome in a happy vein was delivered by Gov- spok a various continental languages with fluency,

night they will have opera for their special delec- | cal circles; especially two works which are then tation, with Mrs. Caroline Richings-Bernard in | to be sung for the first time in this country-Berthe cast, and on Thursday night they will be ten- lioz's "Requiem" and Rubinstein's "Tower of dered a banquet at the theatre by citizens and Babel," a kind of a sacred opera. Those who heard of wild excitement to-night by the announcelocal physicians. The different sections of the as- the "Requiem" at the final rehearsal pronounce it sociation are busy evolving propositions of medical exceedingly impressive. The great chorus of over eloped with Madame Ambre, a soprano, and wife import for discussion before the main body. The onethousand voices, from New York, Brooklyn, Jer- of the manager. It was said they had gone away session will continue four days. More delegates | seyCity, Newark, and Nyack, which, in sections, has | together. Mr. De Beauplan also disappeared tothe "Dies Iræ" there is a magnificent passage | Ambre is possessed of a large fortune in her own where the Tuba Mirum begins. The orchestra is right. supplemented by four brass bands, stationed at different corners of the state, which in the Tuba take up the theme, answering each other across the great building and joining in unison, until the ef-

#### Campanini sang the solo against a female chorus in three parts, and was enthusiastically received. WANT HIGHER WAGES.

of the Country. The railroad switchmen in Chicago are on a general strike.

All of the trades unions of Milwaukee, Wis., met New York, May 3.—The first concert of last evening in secret convention. It is generally Dr. Leopold Damrosch's musical festival took place | expected that the unions will demand increase of The demands of ship laborers at St. John's, N.

B., for \$2.50 per day were acceeded by some bosses The brass moulders of New York at a meeting last night decided to demand an increase of filty cents per day. They now receive \$3. Should the demand not be acceded to they will strike Mon-

Delegates from the miners in the Hocking and

stead of seventy cents, as the operators propose, night at the Teutonic Assembly-Rooms. It was YANKTON, DAK., May 1.-Telegraphic announced that during the day seventy-six boss ommunication is just resumed, after being broken | bakers had called for their men. But six hundred

tees. The Government stopped issuing rations | The employees in the steel melting department contributions from outside would relieve the War | demand for an increase of forty-cight cents per | stunned him, after which he was dragged to a brought a supply of army clothing yesterday. The money out of the steel department, and have con- drowned. No arrests have yet been made. steel mill. This action throws about 175 men out of employment.

The boss bakers in New York are disorganizing, but eighty of the 340 members being tame. The arrest of Mr. Dillon evidently has had their last collective note late yesterday evening. It Sixteen of those announced their intention of ernment's action as an attempt to stifle adverse briefly announces that Turkey accepts with reserve | complying with the demand of the employees, | discussion of the land bill.

# Bismarck, the Capital Mover.

Berlin, May 3.—A bill which has been already drafted for the erection of a new parliamentary house on the Koenigs Platz will not be the White House yesterday and was received by the Secretary." introduced for the present. It has been set aside | the President. with his threat to remove the seat of government from Berlin. His minor supporters in the press | phia. endeavor to give color to the threat as a serious one. The Emperor and the Crown Prince are understood to be decidedly opposed to anything tending to lessen the political importance of Berlin.

# It Beats Bad Butter.

New York, May 3 .- Professor Chandler, in obedience to a resolution of the aldermen, re- to date \$60,690,150. ported to the board of health to-day the result of his inquiries on the subject of oleomargarine-his personal examination of the product. He says it personal examination of the product. He says it is superior in all respects to the poorer grades of butter sold here; that there is nothing objectionable either in the material or manufacture. He for consideration. says, further, that, as there is nothing unwholesome in oleomargarine, he sees no need of legislation in regard to it to protect the public.

# American Horses Beaten.

London, May 3 .- Maskelyne, a threeyear-old, won the Prince of Wales stakes (handi- Rapp, of West Virginia. cap) to-day at New Market. Lorillard's Mistake surgeon's certificate of disability, with permission to leave the Department of Dakota, is granted Lieutenant-Colonel Elmer Otis, Seventh Cavalry. Leave of absence for one year, on sur- heat between Tower and Sword and Lincolnshire. Eleven ran, including Lorillard's Wallenstein.

#### A Celebrated Astronomer Married. St. Louis, Mo., May 3. - Professor Richard A. Proctor, the English astronomer, and Episcopal Church, St. Joseph, this afternoon.

#### Why Assassination is Fashionable. St. Petersburg, May 3.—The dispatch of convicts through Moscow for Siberia will begin on the 10th instant. The number to be departed is

#### about 12,200. The Small-Pox in Boston. Boston, May 3 .- Nine new cases of been twenty-one cases there in two weeks.

# DAVE GILLESPIE.

The Efforts to Capture a Notorious Moon-Internal Revenue Agent Tracie, who has been conducting the raids upon the illicit distillers in Franklin County, Virginia, has forwarded to Commissioner Raum a detailed account of a recent attempt to capture the notorious Dave Gillespie, which failed, the offender escaping from his house. The officer has offered \$100 reward to the person who will lodge Gillespie in jail. "But few," he says, "seem anxious to undertake the capture The marriage of Miss Minnie Evarts to of this notorious desperads." The report says: Mr. Tweed is announced to take place early in June, Since my raid in Runnet Bog on the 20th Gillesaccording to the arrangement made before the de- pie and his crowd of supporters (violators of the parture of ex-Secretary and Mrs. Evarts for Paris. revenue laws) have committed shameful outrages Explanation and discussion of the conveying to them all the property of the Atlantic, The wedding will be a quiet one at the family upon innocent colored people in that neighborhood, whom they charged with giving information to fied the report of the master. The purchasers held Miss Evarts lives. It is the intention of the bride the revenue officers. They went in disguise, with Virginias, premising his remarks with the regret a stockholders' meeting this afternoon, and reor- and groom immediately after the wedding to sail faces blackened, and whipped men and women, ment of that body, and, as the result of further ganized the company, under the name of the for Europe, and join the parents and sisters of the robbed one or two of money, destroyed their propformer in Paris. Miss Evaris left Washington the erty, drove them from their houses, some of them their home at Meriden this morning, expecting to them to leave on penalty of death if they returned. been made a political one, and he regretted that reach there to-night. The health of Senator Platt | These outrages have not disturbed in the slightest | Republican | Senators | should make statetested cases, and what distillers and their Democrats of that State on that question, say, the present adoption of this recommendation Boycerville, Va.; John B. Whitehead, Norfolk, Va.; but he feels that it will be still further promoted vival of Ku-Kluxism by illicit distillers and their Democrats of that State on that question. J. Arthur Johnson, Petersburg, Va., and Charles by returning to New England. In the summer he friends in the mountains of Franklin has ter- Little or nothing had been done looking to the ad-W. Strahan, Lynchburg, Va. The officers will be and Mrs. Platt will go to occupy their cottage on rorized good citizens to such an ex- justment of the debt question between Virginia cauchs after the uncontested cases shall have been speak of and West Virginia until 1871. In the early part of that they are afraid to even speak of and West Virginia until 1871. In the early part of that ball, first vice-president; Henry Fink, second paired with Senator Slater, of Oregon, who left for the outrages, much less condomn them. There is year the Legislature of West Virginia had, upon his vice-president and general manager; G. R. his State about a week ago, impelled by the serious no such thing in Franklin County on the part of motion, agreed to a resolution for the appointment of motion agreed to a resolution for the appointment of the appoint Warmes, secretary; W. G. McDowell, treasurer, ill-health of Mrs. Slater, who was with him here responsible citizens as sympathy for the enforce of a commission to treat upon that subject. Those mentioned by stating that, "When the United knowledge, by either State, officially, with refer-States marshal's office has been stimulated to per-Senator and Mrs. Mahone are expecting the form this part of their work I will have hopes of a had passed what was known as the "funding bill," management. It has a main line of 408 miles, ex- marriage of a son in June proximo. A younger better condition of affairs in Franklin County." which had arbitrarily set aside two-thirds of the sideration of the pending treaties, and, third, the ponsideration of all nominations heretofore or tending from Norfolk to Bristol, Tenn., by way of son and a daughter still younger compose their The agent expects soon to make another effort to debt to the old State and one-third to the new

## A British War-Ship Blown Up.

London, May 3.-The Admiralty have received a telegram from Montevideo stating that the British war-sloop Doterel was blown up on the 26th of April, at Sandy Point, in the Strait of Magellan. The cause of the catastrophe is not known Lieutenant Stokes remains at the scene of the disaster to ascertain the cause of the explosion, with the assistance of divers. The commander, payseven seamen were saved. It may be remarked that probably great loss of life has attended the disaster. The Doterel registered 1137 tons, and had nine hundred horse-power engines.

The Doterel probably carried a crew of 180 men. of whom it is feared one hundred are lost. The RICHMOND, VA., May 3.—The thirty-sec- ner with no appetite for it. For the tallest kind of Tinacs announces that the officers and erew of the Doterel numbered 156, all of whom perished except

#### The Indicted Commissioner.

New York, May 3,-General William Smith, accompanied by his counsel and the lawyers for the police commissioners (Mason, French, Nichols, and Matthews), appeared in the General Sessions Court and tendered pleas of not with leaves to withdraw the same to amend or demur at any time in the future. The pleas were The counsel for Mr. Matthews de manded a separate trial, when Recorder Smyth remarked that he could make that demand when the case came up for trial. No ball was required

## An Opera-Troupe Scandal.

New York, May 3.-Members of De Beauplan's French opera were thrown into a state ment that M. Tournie, tenor of the company, had splendid effect. Then the orchestra of 251 the troupe that the elopement was part of a plan performers from the Philharmonic and to rob other singers of their salaries. Several Symphony Societies was kept well in hand, and the members of the company, among whom was the performance caused a genuine storm of applause wife of M. Tournie, visited the police headquarters from the 10,000 person, who, filling every seat in the and sought the aid of the police in searching for great Seventh Regiment Armory, listened to it. In the missing singers. It was said that Madame

# The Nashville Races.

2, half a mile, for two-year-olds, and was won by Babcock, with Glenarm second, and Major Hughes third. Time, 53%. The second race, for the Railroad stakes, one and three-quarter miles, for all | the debt of the old State of Virginia. He asserted ages, was won by Bancroft; Kimball 2, Jim Malone third. Time, 3:16. The third race was for all party of West Virginia had refused to preserve the ages, mile heats, and resulted as follows: Boulevard, 1, 1; Blanton, 2, 2; Gold Bug, 2, 0; Ursilla, 4, | been admitted as a State. That party had refused 3. Time, 1:52, 1:511/4.

Another Democratic Victory. St. Paul, Minn., May 3 .- At the municipal election here to-day the entire Democratic ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 1.000 voting of bonds for the high school building) was | State of Virginia had no desire to come to any setcarried by a large majority, but the park and pub- | tlement.

#### lic street prominent projects were overwhelmingly Indicted for Arson.

defeated.

Annapolis, Md., May 3 .- In the case of Colonel George S. Marsh, on trial for setting fire to and burning his own house in this county (Anne noon, after being out about fifteen minutes, rendered a verdict of guilty. Colonel Marsh has been in this State a score of years, and has heretofore The journeymen bakers of New York met last occupied a high position in social and business circles in his county.

# Foul Play.

Boston, May 3.—The autopsy on the oody of William F. Hathaway, who was found dead this morning, shows that he had first been struck

### The Land League Meeting. Dublin, May 3 .- The proceedings of the weekly meeting of the Land League to-day were

# a chilling effect. Mr. Brennan denounced the gov-

# CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

-The national-bank notes received for redemption yesterday amounted to \$435,000. —The internal revenue receipts of yeserday were \$611,666.99; customs, \$645,916.86.

-Rev. Henry Ward Beecher called at -The contract for furnishing station-

ery to the House of Representatives was awarded yesterday to George McDonald & Co., of Philadel--Senor Don Francisco Barca, the newly-

appointed minister plenipotentiary of Spain to the United States, was presented by the Secretary of State to the President yesterday. -The amount of six per cent, bonds re-

ceived at the Treasury Department yesterday for

conversion into three and a half per cents aggregated \$7,868,250, making the total amount received -A delegation representing the wool manufacturers called on the President vesterday

-Among the callers at the White House yesterday were Senators Hill, Blair, and Harris: Representatives Thomas, Morton, and Russell, of Massachusetts; General Wager Swayne, W. L. Clarke, Edward Meigs Smith, N. W. Good-hue, W. U. Taft, Henry Ward Beecher, Porter Shel-don, S. S. Blackford, John T. Gibson, Colonel E. G.

-General Sherman, General Sheridan. and the Secretary of War had a long conference with the President vesterday relative to the rearrangement of the military departments. General Sheridan returns to Chicago to-day, and it is believed as the result of the conference all the de-partments will be merged in the Departments of the East and the West, to be commanded by Generals Sheridan and Hancock, with the other generals to be assigned to duty wherever most availa-

-The Supreme Court of the United States having stayed the mandate in the case of Victor et al. vs. Arthur, involving the duty on worsted stockings, and granted leave to the Attorney-General to file papers in support of a motion for a reargument of the case, it is hereby ordered by the Treasury Department that circular No. 32, of March 29 last, which promulgated the decision of the Supreme Court in the case, be, and the same is hereby, revoked. Customs officers will therefore, until otherwise instructed, continue to collect Boston, May 3.—Nine new cases of duties, as heretofore, on worsted stockings and the small-pox have appeared at Adams. There have been twenty-one cases there in two weeks.

duties, as heretofore, on worsted stockings and the other classes of goods affected by said circular under the provisions of schedule L of the tariff.

# VIRGINIA'S DEBTS

# TALKED ABOUT IN THE SENATE.

Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, Gives a Few Alleged Facts and Figures-Mr. Sherman on Certain Conditions which Have Not Been Complied With.

The Vice-President laid before the enate yesterday the unfinished business-being the rosolution for the election of officers of the

Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, then took the floor with a speech upon the debt question between the that the speeches made by the Senators from Virginia and Ohio [Messrs, Mahone and Sherman] should have compelled him to discuss in this Chamhalf naked, and formed thirdeen of them into one | ber what he considered to be a purely local matter party on the road to West Virginia, and ordered | The debt question in West Virginia had never degree the officials of Franklin County. This re- ments reflecting upon the action of the ment of the laws regarding making or selling commissioners had proceeded to Richmond, but spirits, either State or national." The agent re- had met nobody with whom to treat. Since that fers to the United States marshals of the locality time nothing had been done, to the best of his ence to the vexed debt question. In 1871 Virginia Petersburg and Lynchburg. The total mileage, family here. They have buried more than half capture Gillespic, with a view of bringing him to State. The Governors of Virginia had uniformly, since the passage of the act, held that they had no power to answer the calls of West Virginia for a settlement of the debt question.

The commissioners appointed by the State of West Virginia had reported the following facts: That nine-tenths of the improvements for which the debt had been created had been located within the State of Virginia: that Virginia had contained 41,000 square miles, West Virginia but 20,000; that at the time of the separation Virginia contained a population of 1,122,000, West Virginia 374,000-less than one-fourth; that the taxable property in Virginia had amounted to \$3,900,000, in West Virginia to but \$647, 00-less than one-sixth. In view of these facts, could it be contended that West Virginia was responsible for one-third of the debt? While the debt of the Virginias was large, it was not very considerable. It was less than \$29 per capita, while the debt of the United States was double that. The debt per capita of New York city was \$118.05, of Brooklyn \$75.16, and of Boston \$115.93, Brooklyn, 2.71; in Boston, 1.25; while the rate in Virginia was but .50. There was an impression that Virginia had paid very little, if any, interest on her bonds. That was a great mistake. Virginia had every year since 1872 paid an average of guilty to the indictments found against them, ten-forties, at the present market price, paid an interest of six per cent.; her consols, seven and a

> in future. Mr. Dawes-Including West Virginia's share? Mr. Davis-I speak with confidence when I say that the Virginias and their people will pay their debts, and the sooner the better; and I regret very much that my friend from Massachusetts is encouraging a party in the old State that does not

half per cent.; and her "peelers" (in funded debt),

eleven and a half per cent, With her present

want to pay the debt at all. Continuing, he invited any Senator to show when West Virginia had refused to take her fair and equitable share of the debt. She had rebeen rehearsing the music all winter, sang with night, and it was believed by many members of sponded to every invitation which had come to her from the State of Virginia; but if the bondholders were satisfied to let the matter rest, of course West Virginia would make no fuss about it. He hoped, however, that the two States would before long come together and settle the debt question. He would be glad if his Republican friends would lend their aid in that direction instead of in a direction which tended to make those States repudiate. The encouragement which Republican Senators were NASHVILLE, TENN., May 3.—The first giving to the Readjuster party of Virginia would race to-day was for the Young America Stakes No. | make men less auxious to pay their honest debts, Mr. Sherman called attention to the fact that West Virginia had only been admitted as a State on condition that she would assume a portion of

> to insert in the new constitution the provision which had existed in the first constitution, and which acknowledged a responsibility for a portion of the debt. Mr. Camdon contended that the efforts of the State of West Virginia had been continual and to 1,200. Edmund Rice was elected mayor by the | consistent in endeavoring to come to a fair basis of larger majority. One Republican measure (the apportioning the old debt, and intimated that the

#### The Senate then (at 2:30), on motion of Mr. Dawes, adjourned. LICKSPITTLES.

#### How the American Navy is Represented by Them. My next question referred to the late

Secretary, Dick Thompson, "Well," was the reply, "Thompson got little respect in the navy. His Virginia system was palpable, and his corresponding passion for money, however obtained, so notorious that the paval men invariably compared him to old Gideon Welles, whom they regarded as a brave old civilian and one of the best Secretaries the navy ever had. For instance: Thompson would let certain parasites, paymasters, &c., offer to make him money in Wall street. He would advance a few hundred dollars, and they would bring him back while perhaps they put their hands in their pockets and paid that profit, so as to stand in well with him. One story in the navy about Thompson is that he was driving an old horse one day, and one of these designing chaps, a fellow who wants to be paymaster-general of the navy, said : 'Great God, Mr. Thompson, what a splendid horse this is," 'Oh, no," replied our Uncle Dick, 'it's a very plain horse-just good enough to haul me around," 'Nonsense,' said the naval parasite, 'that horse is worth \$500, and is just the match for a horse I have got.' 'Oh, pshaw," exclaimed Uncle Dick, 'there are no \$500 in my horse.' 'Weil,' said the designing fellow, 'he is worth \$500 to me, Mr. Secretary, any way, and I want him if you will part with him for that," and he got the horse, and get increased favor from

"You don't mean to tell me, gentlemen," said I, that there are any such tide-waiters as that in

the American navy?" "Oh, yes; in the semi-civil places of the navy there are a good many followers whose only expectation of rank is by currying favor. That fellow was on the high-road to being naval paymaster-general, but Thompson got hoisted." "How do you mean," I inquired, "that Thomp-

son was holsted?" "Because," was the reply, "he sold out his office and the American Government for \$25,000 to De Lesseps; but, thank God, De Lesseps cheated him. In this county, by a stock company composed of He only paid him \$5,000, and that is the last Dick five citizens of that town. Thompson will ever get. In the meantime, he has lost the respect of the navy and of the country, and missioners, and the road examiners met last Satall for \$5,000."-Gath, in Cincinnatt Enquirer.

# Farley and the Chinese.

At this juncture let it be remembered that the Democratic California Senator, Farleywho is but a mere servant to the Central Pacific Railroad Company-at the first presentation of the treaties opposed their consideration, and has occupied that attitude ever since. Meanwhile Stanford's ships have been bringing over the hordes of Mongols. Prompted by his masters, Farley stands firm against the gallant Mahone, voting for every dilatory motion to prevent the organization of the Senate to which the Republicans are entitled. A single word from Stanford to Senator Farley would break the dead-lock, organize the Senate, and permit the ratification of the Chinese treaties preventing the further influx of the coolie class,-Carson (Nevada) Index.

#### Not the Right Place. Senator Mahone and Colonel Critcher,

a citizen of Westmoreland County, Virginia, called upon Secretary Blaine yesterday, and laid before him a letter from Mrs. Washington, a descendant of George Washington. This lady, a resident of Westmoreland County, writes that the spot selected by ex-Secretary Evarts for the monument to mark Washington's birthplace is not the proper locality; that she knows the exact spot where the old house in which Washington was born stood, and it is some distance from the point selected for the monument.

# JOHN BROWN.

In a recent letter thanking a gentleman

# What Fred Douglass Says About the Old

for calling his attention to an autograph letter by John Brown, Mr. Frederick Douglass says: "You have made me very much obliged to you for the letter of John Brown. Every line and syllable written by the grand old hero has an especial interest for me. About the time this letter of his was written he was living with me in Rochester, N. Y. and hence letters for him were directed to my care. There were reasons growing out of his 'free State work' in Kansas which made it necessary at that time to avoid publicity. I never had under my roof at any time such an incarnation of justice and the true martyr spirit as when John Brown lived some of the discussions and criticisms relative to with me. He was a constant thorn in my Virginia politics are painful, betraying, as they do, side. I could not help feeling that this an utter lack of comprehension of the facts in the man's zeal in the cause of my enslaved case, or of the means necessary to be pursued to people was holier and higher than mine. I could make the break in the Democratic party of Virspeak for my race-be could fight for my race. I ginia of use in strengthening the Republican could live for my race-John Brown could die for cause. I understand the object of the friends of my race. My zeal was bounded by time; his the administration in the Senate to be to strengthen stretched away into the silent depths of eternity. Republicanism in the South, not to build up Re-His call to me was, 'Come up higher,' and not be- adjusterism. What is then the situation in still I was drawn to him-loved him. He was one | true way to accomplish the desired result? of the few men I have met with, the greatness of whose soul grew upon me the more I saw of him. three political parties, with relative strength, in Thanks to Ingalis and to Edmunds-the two noble | round numbers, as follows, as developed at the Senators, one speaking for free and glorious Kansas and the other for Vermont (whose Green 96,000; Republicans, 85,000; Readjuster Democrats, Mountains were in the darkest days of slavery too 34,000, with a reserve force of Bourbons and Resacred to liberty to tolerate the footprints of a publicans, each 20,000 voters, cut off by the opera-

#### POSTAL MATTERS Between Canada and the United States-

John Brown.

An Arrangement. Additional articles of agreement have been concluded between the United States and Canada for the purpose of affording the public increased facilities for the exchange of letter correspondence, and also of preventing evasion by publishers of the postal laws and regulations of the United States. These articles were formally executed yesterday on the part of this Government by Postmaster-General James, and are as follows: ART. I. Insufficiently paid letters mailed in the United States and addressed to Canada, or, vice versa, mailed in Canada and addressed to the United States, on which a single rate of postage or more has been prepaid, shall be forwarded, charged with the amoun of the deficient postage, to be collected on delivery and retained by the post department of the country of destination. The amount of such deficient postage shall be indicated in figures by the disputching exchange office in the upper left-hand corner of the ad-

ART. 2. When newspapers, periodical, and other printed matter, published or originating in the United States, are brought into Canada and posted there for The rate of taxation in New York city was 2.58; in destinations in the United States, apparently to evade the postage rates or regulations applicable to such matter in the United States, the Canada post-office may require prepayment of the same to be made at a rate equivalent to double the Canada domestic rates. The articles go into effect immediately.

#### The Nine Circuits.

to exercise some ingenuity in dividing nine cir- tially different. The fight is no longer confined to cuits among the seven available Justices of the an issue on the debt question, but embraces that Supreme Court. Judge Swayne's successor is still | which, to a Southern Bourbon Democrat, it is prosperity Virginia could and would pay her debt undetermined and Judge Clifford, hopelessly in- vastly more important to defeat, viz: "A fair balcapacitated, has retired to his home in Maine, and lot and an honest count," and the repeal of the their work must be done by others. The two Judges | capitation tax, and other laws obnoxious to Repitched upon for double circuit duty are Bradley and Harlan. The former has his own district, the Third, formerly Judge Strong's, and including Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Delaware, and in addition he is assigned to the vacancy in the Sixth Circuit, formerly Judge Swayne's, and including Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, and Tennessee. Judge Harlan has besides his own seventh circuit, including Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin, the first circuit of Justice Vermont and Connecticut. Justice Hunt is conhe is almost as unfit for duty as Judge Clifford. | will count the number of his hosts, outside of Re-Chief-Justice Waite continues in charge of the sissippi, and Judge Field of the Pacific States.

# Prevention of Diphtheria.

To prevent diphtheria, then, and so be brought to obey the laws of life and health. that the record would show that the Democratic condition on which the State of West Virginia had cian of Paris estimated that 3,000 children had from him who had before felt kindly disposed. died in that city during the thirty years of his practice there from short sleeves, short pants, and country and abroad, I am confident that at least | publican Committee, proved this. as many more are carried off by improper food and irregularity in taking it, together with poisonous Edwin R. Maxson, in the Sanitarian for April.

# Fair Treatment Wanted.

What political crime has Roscoe Conkling committed that he should not be consulted as to the appointments in the State he in part represents? In no other State has a Senator been treated as Mr. Conkling has been treated. The Senator represents a vast majority of the Republicans of of the party and the Executive. He may be stubborn, willful, and self-confident, but he is the ablest man in the Republican party, and it would harm nobody if he were humored to a l'mited extent. If he had willed it Garfield would have been defeated in the State of New York last year, and thereby the Republican party would have lost the Presidency. Is not a man possessing such influence worthy of considerate treatment? Blaine, though possessing no such power, is conciliated, and it is deemed the proper thing to run the administration according to his notion. While the Republican party is of more consequence than either Conkling or Blaine, both should have fair treatment-the one as fair as the other,-Atlantic

#### (Iowa) Telegraph. Base-Ball Games. Princeton, N. J., May 3.-New York Metropolitans, 9; Princeton University, 1. Chicago, May 3.-Chicagos, 6: Clevelands, 0.

New York, May 3. New Yorks, 11; Atlantics, of Brooklyn, 5. Williamstown, Mass., May 3.-Bowdoins, 4; Williams College, 1.

#### Boston, May 3,-Providence, 7; Boston, 1. Worcester, Mass., May 3,-Worcesters 10; Troys, 5. MARYLAND MATTERS.

The Carroll County Trotting Associatwenty-two of which were for Georgetown, The dwelling of Frank L. Griffith, near Friendship, in the eighth district of Anne Arundel County, was destroyed by fire Monday night. A new corn-packing establishment is

about to be put into operation at Mechanicstown,

urday to lay out a shorter road from Annapolis to make success certain.

Bay Ridge by the way of Horn Point,

Any other course wi Rev. W. B. Johnson, pastor of the colored Baptist Church in Frederick, has been ap-pointed general mis-ionary for Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia by the

It is quite probable that the Grand

Home Missionary Society of Philadelphia.

Army of Maryland will encamp next summer about July at Bay Ridge. There will be about eight hundred men who will observe all the rules farmy camp life. They will have a band, with The Ladies' Monumental Association of Frederick have fixed upon Thursday, the 2d of

ing ceremonies promise to be very elaborate and interesting. An invitation will be extended to Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and daughter. The municipal election at Westminster Monday resulted in the re-election, without opposition, of E. H. Irwin for mayor, and William B. Thomas, George W. Sullivan, E. J. Lawyer, N. J. Gorsuch, and Orlando Reese for councilmen. The mayor is a Democrat, and three of the five councilment are Rambliography. Politics.

ilmen are Republicans. Politics are ignored in In view of the large number of applications that are being received in the vicinity of Frederick, from persons residing in Baltimore and Washington, for summer accommodations, a num-ber of persons have in contemplation the estab-

tire Frederick Valley can be obtained.

THE SOLID SOUTH

## AND THE SITUATION IN VIRGINIA.

Views of Representative John F. Dezendorf, of the Norfolk District, on the Political Situation in the Old Dominion-How the Solid South Can be Broken.

Representative John F. Dezendorf, of the Norfolk (Va.) District, sends a letter to THE REPUBLICAN, in which he says: To one acquainted with the situation in Virginia, as it is, ing able to rise to his height his calls troubled me; Virginia? what the plan proposed, and what the WE FIND IN VIRGINIA

late Presidential election : Bourbon Democrats, slave hound), for the stinging rebuke they gave to tions of the capitation tax. While the above was the Senator who tried to stamp upon the grave of the result in the Presidential election last November, it is not to be doubted that it will be changed in November next, and for the following reasons: First-The Bourbon Democratic vote will maintain itself, because the full power of the National Democratic party will be brought to bear to secure that end, knowing as they do that a break in Virginia means the disruption of the "Solid South." The prejudice of race will be exerted to its full capacity by the Bourbon element; the power of social and business relations will be brought in play to bring the Democratic white men of the State back into line, and such a full, thorough, and effective canvass made as was never before made to poll the full strength of that element. It will not fall short of that polled in

> November last-96,000 votes. Second-The Republican vote will not be as large as that polled last November. All past experience has proven that it is only in national elections that anything like the full colored vote can be polled. The Republican vote will not exceed 65,000 in the oming fall campaign.

Third-The Readjuster Democratic vote will not vary materially from that polled last November, viz: 34,000 votes. The Readjuster Democratic vote polled in 1879

cannot be depended upon as a criterion from

which to judge the result in 1881, and for THE FOLLOWING REASONS: In 1879 the fight was distinctively between two factions of the Democratic party of the State on the debt question as a distinctive issue, with the Republican party disorganized, the larger number of the colored Republicans acting with the element led by General Mahone. In 1881 the issue Chief-Justice Waite has been obliged | between the factions of the Democracy is essenpublicans, but which, from the fact that they assist in disfranchising Republican voters, are dear to the Democratic heart. The fight will be

THE OLD FIGHT on the line of race, and will be so bitter that thousands of those Readjuster Democrats who stood by Mahone in 1879 on the debt question will fail him in 1881 as they did in 1880, and 31,000 voters, his personal following-men who stood by him in the fore-front of battle from 1861 Clifford, embracing all of New England except to 1865, and in that still more trying ordeal, the fire of social ostracism and proscription in 1880, then tinued in the second (New York) circuit, though | for the first time brought to bear against himpublican help, in 1881. How is that Republican Southern Atlantic States, Judge Woods of the Gulf | help to be obtained? General Mahone says by States, Judge Miller of the States west of the Mis- | disbanding the Republican party for this fight, and amalgamating with his friends under the name of Readjusters. This would prove a failure, and for

the following reasons, among others: First-There is not that unanimity of sentiment finally exterminate it, every man, woman, and among Republicans that would lead them as a child throughout our land and the world should body to espouse the Readjuster cause without party action. The course of General Mahone's Parents should regularly feed, properly clothe, and friends in trying to change the electoral vote of duly restrain all children before they come to the Virginia from Garfield to Hancock, though it had years of understanding and accountability. This the quasi indorsement from the National Repubalone would do much. A late prominent physi- lican Committee, alienated many Republicans

Second-It is a mistake to suppose that the colored Republican vote is solidly for General Maother kindred imprudence in the dressing of hone or his movement. It is a mistake, and a comchildren. And I am fully convinced that as large mon one, to suppose that this vote can be carried a proportion are sacrificed, in towns at least, in | blindly for or by any man or any measure. The this country from the same cause-all for a wicked result of the attempt to change the electoral vote fashion. And, from careful observation in this of Virginia, though indorsed by the National Re-

The colored Republicans of Virginia, though for the most part uneducated as far as book-learning candies and other unwholesome and indigestible is concerned, are among the truest men to part trash that no child or other person should eat .- principle that stand upon the continent. Show them what is right, and they will stand by it There is a great division of opinion among the colored Republicans on this election question. The address of the colored men who dissented from the action of the Petersburg colored convention shows that, and the colored men whose names are appended to that address embrace some of the most intelligent of their race in the State, and some of those of the most political strength. Amalgamathe Empire State, and deserves well at the hands | tion, then, would result in a divided Republican vote, which means Bourbon success.

WHAT, THEN, IS THE REMEDY? and how shall the movement which is to break the "Solid South" be inaugurated and made a success in Virginia?

Let General Mahone's friends hold their convention, nominate such men and adopt such a platform as Republicans can support, incorporating such planks as guarantee the right to "a fair ballot and an honest count," and the repeal of the capitation tax as a prerequisite to voting, and other obnoxious laws. Second-Let the Republican party of Virginia

hold a convention and resolve that the breaking up of the political combination known as the Solid South," and the guarantee of "a fair bailot and an honest count," is the paramount duty of all lovers of their country, and the only way to secure that peace and tranquility necessary to a return or good feeling between the two sections, and upor which depends the future stability of republican institutions; and that, with this purpose in view. and with the example and advice of the Republican Senators of the United States and General Mahone's action in tha Scuate as a guarantee of his good faith, they, the Republicans of Virginia, in convention assembled, urge the Republicans of the State to present an undivided front to the common enemy, and that for this purpose, having in view tion has fixed July 19, 20, and 21 for its summer the good of the country, and the future well-being of the National Republican party, and their own Twenty-four canal-boats, loaded with political safety, they will unite in the support of 2,814.17 tons of coal, left Cumberland on Monday, those who have a common purpose with themselves, and, as a party, support the candidates or the Mahone convention. The above plan will secure harmony of action and poll the full strength of the Republican vote.

The Republican party of Virginia is now well organized, having just emerged from a canvass in which they polled 85,000 votes. The above plan

Any other course will end in a disastrous fallure and the success of the Bourbon Democracy. I am for a Republican convention, success, and the breaking up of the Solid South.

# Our American Tea.

The pet tea-growing scheme of the Commissioner of Agriculture is now in a fair way of fruition. A venerable gentleman named Henry A. Middleton, living about tweaty miles from. Charleston, S. C., believes with the Commissioner that the tea-plant can be successfully cultivated in the United States. No money has been ap-June, for the unveiling of the monument to the "unknown" confederate soldiers interred in Mount Olivet Cemetery, at this place. The attend-Middleton has leased to the Commissioner a tract of 200 acres on his estate for twenty years, in consideration of the small sum of \$1. Appropriate buildings for carrying out the experiment will be constructed, and John Jackson, who has been engaged in tea culture in India for sixteen years, will have charge of the plantation. About 17,500 tea-plants will be set this spring, and the Commissioner avers that in three years' time he will have as fine a crop of ton an ever was raised in

> the world. Among the patents issued yesterday were the following to Marylanders: Charles Kieser, Baltimore, cider mill and press; James H. Thorp, Baltimore, artificial stone or building block, and Alonzo B. Turner, Mount Savage, furnace.